Consolidated Financial Statements of

TOWN OF RAINBOW LAKE

Year ended December 31, 2024

Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024

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Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Town of Rainbow Lake (the "Town") are the responsibility of the Town's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Town's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

Council meets with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Town. The accompanying Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Town's consolidated financial statements.

Dan Fletcher
Chief Financial Officer

April 17, 2025



KPMG LLP

2200, 10175 – 101 Street Edmonton, AB T5J 0H3 Canada Telephone 780-429-7300 Fax 780-429-7379

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Members of Council of the Town of Rainbow Lake

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Town of Rainbow Lake (the Entity), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024;
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024, and its consolidated results of operations, its consolidated changes in net financial assets and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial
 information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the
 group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit
 work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Chartered Professional Accountants

KPMG LLP

Edmonton, Canada

April 17, 2025

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024		2023
Financial assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 58,759	\$	87,429
Accounts receivable (note 3)	580,109	18	1,644,213
Investments (note 4)	1,774,541		2,199,916
Land inventory held for resale	219,406		219,406
	2,632,815		4,150,964
Liabilities:			
Revolving line of credit (note 8)	31,923		1,696,163
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	451,361		380,966
Deposit liabilities (note 5)	54,647		54,847
Deferred revenue (note 6)	35,000		-
Asset retirement obligations (note 7)	74,012		68,750
Long-term debt (notes 8 and 9)	308,847		489,194
	955,790		2,689,920
Net financial assets	1,677,025		1,461,044
Non-financial assets:			
Tangible capital assets (note 10)	32,415,710		33,553,386
Inventories of supplies	5,409		5,409
Prepaid expenses	140,776		156,512
	32,561,895		33,715,307
Accumulated surplus (note 11)	\$ 34,238,920	\$	35,176,351

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Approved by:

Mayor

1. Melielle Councillor

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

		Budget		2024		2023
		(Note 19)				
Revenue:						
User fees and sales of goods	\$	1,257,130	\$	1,105,781	\$	1,056,066
Net municipal taxes (note 13)	Ψ	439,839	Ψ	468,935	Ψ	451,888
Government transfers -		400,000		400,000		401,000
operating (note 14)		1,474,510		2,118,291		1,485,234
Rental income		152,570		70,162		70,374
Franchise and concession contracts		162,133		138,284		131,530
Fines and penalties		35,000		52,006		17,837
Licenses and permits		2,500		1,708		642
Investment income		82,500		78,040		87,667
Other		27,650		150,241		178,133
Other		3,633,832		4,183,448		3,479,371
		3,033,032		4,100,440		5,479,571
Expenses (note 15):						
Protective services		95,735		399,274		1,225,671
Public Works and Transportation						
Airport services		220,088		590,566		587,682
Common services		222,379		353,242		299,781
Transportation services		277,747		378,659		335,024
Utilities						
Water supply and distribution		624,022		1,099,829		1,071,067
Natural gas supply and distribution		560,922		413,157		493,286
Waste management		243,488		254,017		236,042
Cable and internet services		149,115		199,798		202,406
Planning and development		,		,		,
Planning and development		72,272		78,428		75,320
Subdivision land development		,- · -		8,400		13,001
Family and community support		46,464		99,738		88,408
Recreation, parks and		.5,.5.		55,.55		55,.55
library services		372,405		708,986		648,561
Other municipal		012,100		100,000		010,001
Administration		403,247		655,512		779,080
Legislative		93,444		67,273		64,401
Housing rentals		88,502		92,271		109,635
(Gain) loss on sale of investments		-		(3,015)		18,252
(Cam) issue on care of invocamente		3,469,830		5,396,135		6,247,617
		· · ·		·		<u> </u>
Annual Surplus (Deficit) before Other		164,002		(1,212,687)		(2,768,246)
Other:						
Government transfers - capital (note 14)		527,439		219,306		2,555,482
Gain on disposal of assets		<u> </u>		55,950		_
Account a combine (deficit)		004 444		(007.404)		(040.704)
Annual surplus (deficit)		691,441		(937,431)		(212,764)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		35,176,351		35,176,351		35,389,115
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	35,867,792	\$	34,238,920	\$	35,176,351

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Budget	2024	2023
	(Note 19)		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 691,441	\$ (937,431)	\$ (212,764)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible	(534,317)	(231,581)	(1,714,933)
capital assets	_	68,350	_
Amortization of tangible capital assets	_	1,356,857	1,363,609
Gain on disposal of tangible capital		/	
assets	-	(55,950)	
	(534,317)	1,137,676	(351,324)
Net use (acquisition) of			
prepaid expenses	_	15,736	(13,748)
	-	15,736	(13,748)
Change in net financial assets	157,124	215,981	(577,836)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	1,461,044	1,461,044	2,038,880
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 1,618,168	\$ 1,677,025	\$ 1,461,044

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations activities:		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (937,431)	\$ (212,764)
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,356,857	1,363,609
Amortization of premium on investments	4,881	5,216
Loss (gain) on sale of investments	(3,015)	18,252
Accretion expense	5,262	-
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(55,950)	-
Change in non-cash items:	4.004.404	(4.405.220)
Accounts receivable	1,064,104	(1,195,328) 131,401
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposit liabilities	70,395 (200)	(16,465)
Deferred revenue	35,000	(83,042)
Prepaid expenses	15,736	(13,748)
Net change in cash from operating activities	1,555,639	(2,869)
Capital activities:	((()	(
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(231,581)	(1,646,183)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	68,350	- (1.010.100)
Net change in cash from capital activities	(163,231)	(1,646,183)
Investing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(1,002,562)	(146,061)
Proceeds on sale of investments	1,426,071	530,865
Net change in cash from investing activities	423,509	384,804
Financing activities:		
Long-term debt repaid	(180,347)	(172,249)
Drawdown (repayment) of line of credit	(1,664,240)	1,696,163
Net change in cash from financing activities	(1,844,587)	1,523,914
Increase (decrease) in cash	(28,670)	259,666
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	87,429	(172,237)
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 58,759	\$ 87,429
•	·	·
Cash paid for interest	\$ 20,727	\$ 28,826
Cash received from interest	130,552	33,821

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

1. Nature of organization:

The Town of Rainbow Lake (the "Town") was established on September 1, 1966. The Town is governed by the Municipal Government Act of the Province of Alberta (the "MGA").

2. Significant accounting policies:

The consolidated financial statements of the Town are prepared by the Town's management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("PSAS"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

(a) Reporting entity:

i) Consolidated entities

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, communities and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Town and which are owned or controlled by the Town. In addition to the Town's municipal government operations, consolidated entities include the Rainbow Lake Volunteer Fire Hall Department and the Town of Rainbow Lake Municipal Library Board (the "Library").

(b) Basis of accounting:

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

(i) Revenue:

Revenue from transactions with performance obligations, including user fees and sales of goods, rental income, franchise fees and concession contracts and licenses and permits is recognized as the performance obligations are satisfied by providing the promised goods or services to the payor.

Revenue from transactions with no performance obligations, including fines and penalties, is recognized when the Town has the authority to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources resulting from a past transaction or event giving rise to an asset.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Government transfers, contributions or other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase or construction of tangible capital assets. These transfers are not the result of an exchange transaction and are not expected to be repaid in the future. These transfers are recognized as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, provided the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made, except when and to the extent that the transfer gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability.

Tax revenues are recognized as when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

When a service or improvement is deemed to benefit a specific area more than the municipality as a whole, the project may be classified as a local improvement under the Municipal Government Act, to be paid in whole or in part by a tax imposed on the benefiting property owners. The property owners' share of the improvements is recognized as revenue in the period that the project expenditures are completed.

(ii) Expenses:

Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods, services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and cash equivalents that are highly liquid and are not subject to changes in value.

(d) Financial instruments:

The Town's financial instruments include cash, accounts receivable, investments, revolving line of credit, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt. The carrying value of cash, accounts receivable, revolving line of credit, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these financial assets and liabilities. All of the Town's financial instruments are measured at cost or amortized cost in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Investment premiums and discounts for investments are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the respective investments.

Financial assets are tested annually for impairment. When financial assets are impaired, impairment losses are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Transaction costs are incremental costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs are added to the carrying value f the instruments when they are initially recognized.

Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

Derivatives are recorded at fair value in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. Contractual obligations are evaluated for the existence of embedded derivatives. The Town recognizes embedded derivatives separately from the host contract when the economic characteristics and risk of the embedded derivative are not closely related to those of the host contract, when it meets the definition of a derivative and when the entire contract is not measured at fair value. An election can be made to either measure the entire contract at fair value or measure the value of the derivative component separately when characteristics of the derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the contract itself. The Town does not have any financial instruments that meet the definition of a derivative and has not identified any contractual obligations that contain embedded derivatives.

(e) Land inventory held for resale:

Land inventory held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes the acquisition costs of the land and the improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and leveling.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(f) Non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value of the tangible capital assets excluding land, are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Asset	Years
Land improvements Buildings (includes building improvements) Engineered structures Machinery and equipment Vehicles	15-30 15-75 10-75 5-25 10-30

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

iii) Works of art and cultural and historic assets

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

v) Inventories of supplies

Inventories of supplies held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost, with cost determined on an average cost basis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Pension plans:

The Town participates in a multi-employer pension plan. As such, contributions for current and past service pension benefits are recorded as expenses in the period in which they become due.

(h) Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue represents government transfers, contributions and other amounts which have been collected, but for which the related services have yet to be performed or agreement stipulations have not been met. These amounts will be recognized as revenues when revenue recognition criteria have been met.

(i) Asset retirement obligations:

An asset retirement obligation exists when there is a legal obligation for the Town to incur costs upon the retirement of a tangible capital asset. This liability is recognized at the time the tangible capital asset is acquired or when the legal obligation comes into effect. The estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to asset retirement activities, based on information available at year end and using a present value technique when the cash flows required to settle the liability is expected to occur over an extended period of time.

When an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding asset retirement cost is added to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset. The asset retirement cost is then amortized over the useful life of the related asset.

At each financial reporting date, the Town recognizes the period-to-period changes to the asset retirement liability due to the passage of time as accretion expense within the Consolidated Statement of Operations. Changes to the retirement cost estimate arising from the revisions to the discount rate or undiscounted cash flows are recognized as an increase or decrease to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset.

(j) Requisition over-levy and under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(k) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Estimates include assumptions used to estimate the provision for doubtful accounts receivable, investment impairment, if any, the useful lives of tangible capital assets, the measurement of accrued liabilities and the measurement of asset retirement obligations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(I) Adoption of new accounting standards:

i) Revenue

Effective January 1, 2024, the Town adopted PS 3400, Revenue. This standard establishes standards on how to account for and report on revenue, specifically it differentiates between revenue arising from transactions with performance obligations (exchange transactions) and those without performance obligations (non-exchange transactions). The adoption of this standard did not have any significant impact on the Town's financial statements.

ii) Purchased intangibles

Effective January 1, 2024, the Town adopted PSG-8, Purchased Intangibles. This standard provides guidance on the recognition, accounting, and classification of purchased intangible assets. The adoption of this standard did not have any impact on the Town's financial statements.

iii) Public private partnerships

Effective January 1, 2024, the Town adopted PS 3160, Public Private Partnerships. This standard provides guidance on how to account for public private partnerships between public and private sector entities, where the public sector entity procures infrastructure using a private sector partner. The adoption of this standard did not have any impact on the Town's financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(m) Future Accounting Pronouncements:

The following summarizes upcoming changes to PSAS. In 2025, the Town will continue to assess the impact and prepare for the adoption of these standards.

i) Conceptual Framework

The Revised Conceptual Framework will replace the existing conceptual framework, which consists of Section PS 1000, Financial Statement Concepts, and Section PS 1100, Financial Statement Objectives and is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026, with earlier adoption permitted. The conceptual framework is to be applied prospectively.

ii) Financial Statement Presentation

PS 1202, Financial Statement Presentation, outlines a new reporting model that will build upon existing Section PS101, Financial Statement Presentation. Key changes include a new "Statement of Net Financial Assets or Liabilities" and "Statement of Changes in Net Assets or Liabilities", restructuring and updated classification for assets and liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position, and restructuring of the Statement of Cash Flows. This standard is applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026 and will be adopted at the same time as the Conceptual Framework.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

3. Accounts receivable:

	2024	2023
Property Taxes		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 289,352	\$ 210,896
Provision for non-collection	(159,367)	(85,809)
	129,985	125,087
Other Receivables		
Trade receivable	31,030	164,200
Utility receivable	187,207	204,409
Due from staff, former staff, and Councillors	· <u>-</u>	91,932
Government transfers receivable	144,149	1,039,622
Government remittances recoverable	27,858	22,961
Miscellaneous receivable	76,161	104,215
Provision for non-collection	(16,281)	(108,213)
	450,124	1,519,126
	\$ 580,109	\$ 1,644,213

The property taxes receivable balance of \$134,865 (2023 - \$85,809) outstanding for greater than three years was fully allowed for as at December 31, 2024.

4. Investments:

		2024	2023		
	Cost	Market value	Cost	Market value	
Corporate, government and government guaranteed bonds	1,774,430	1,771,204	2,199,805	2,163,541	
Gas Alberta Inc., 111 Class A shares, at cost	111	111	111	111	
	\$ 1,774,541	\$ 1,771,315	\$ 2,199,916	\$ 2,163,652	

Corporate, government and government guaranteed bonds have effective interest rates ranging from 2.15% to 5.40% (2023 - 2.05% to 5.40%) with maturity dates ranging from August 2025 to June 2035 (2023 - August 2024 to June 2035). The Town intends to hold these securities until maturity.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

5. Deposit liabilities:

	2024	2023
Utility deposits Damage deposits	\$ 32,247 22,400	\$ 32,447 22,400
	\$ 54,647	\$ 54,847

6. Deferred revenue:

The deferred revenue reported on the consolidated statement of financial position is made up of the following:

Continuity of deferred revenue is as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year Government transfers received during the year Interest earned Government transfers recognized during the year	\$ 2,372,597 (2,337,597)	\$ 83,042 3,944,222 - (4,027,264)
Balance, end of year	\$ 35,000	\$ _

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

7. Asset retirement obligations:

The Town owns and operates a water treatment plant and an ice plant that are known to have hazardous materials used within the plants that will require disposal upon asset retirement. The estimated costs related to the removal of these hazardous materials was primarily based on third party quotations, discounted to the present value using a discount rate 4.5% (2023 - 4.5%) and an inflation rate of 2% (2023 - 2%). The liabilities are adjusted for the passage of time and accretion expense is recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. At December 31, 2024, the aggregate undiscounted amount of the estimated future cash flows required to settle these obligations is approximately \$160,000 (2023 - \$160,000). These obligations are expected to be settled over the next 20 years.

Changes to asset retirement obligations during the year are as follows:

	2024	2023
Estimated retirement liability, beginning of year Liabilities settled	\$ 68,750	\$ 68,750
Accretion expense	5,262	-
Estimated retirement liability, end of year	\$ 74,012	\$ 68,750

The Town has not designated assets for settling its asset retirement obligations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

8. Long-term debt:

	2024	2023
Utility supported debentures	\$ 308,847	\$ 489,194
	\$ 308,847	\$ 489,194

Debenture debt is repayable to the Province of Alberta in semi-annual blended payments. The debt bears interest at rates between 4.57% and 4.70% per annum, with maturities between December 2025 and September 2026. Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town at large.

Principal and interest repayment requirements on long-term debt over the next four years and thereafter are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2025 2026	\$ 188,827 120,020	\$ 12,247 4,246	\$ 201,074 124,266
	\$ 308,847	\$ 16,493	\$ 325,340

The Town has a revolving line of credit with its bank of 3,400,000 (2023 - 3,400,000) The credit facility bears interest at prime plus 1.00% and the amount drawn at December 31,2024 was 31,923 (2023 - 1,696,163).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

9. Debt and debt service limits:

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town be disclosed as follows:

	2024	2023
Total debt limit Total debt Amount by which debt limit unused Percentage used (%)	\$ 6,275172 308,847 5,966,325 4.92%	\$ 5,146,367 489,194 4,657,173 9.51%
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing Amount by which debt servicing limit unused Percentage used (%)	1,045,862 <u>201,074</u> 844,788 19.23%	857,727 201,074 656,653 23.44%

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times the revenue of the Town (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the Town. Rather, the financial statements and other factors must be considered.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

10. Tangible capital assets:

								20	2024							
		Land	imi	Land improvements		Buildings		Engineered structures		Machinery and equipment		Vehicles	l OS	Assets under construction		Total
Cost:																
Balance, beginning of year	↔	573,772	↔	9,057,423	↔	12,569,830	↔	32,409,143	↔	2,914,927	↔	1,371,138	↔	Ī	↔	58,896,233
Internal transfers		ı		•		ı		ı		ī		ı		ı		ı
Additions and contributions Retirement		10,750 (12,400)		19,250		118,921 (67,900)		33,320		49,340 (252,800)		1 1		1 1		231,581 (333,100)
Balance, end of year		572,122		9,076,673		12,620,851		32,442,463		2,711,467		1,371,138				58,794,714
Amortization:																
Balance, beginning		ı		2,622,701		5,632,687		14,208,827		2,008,390		870,242		ı		25,342,847
or year Amortization Retirement		1 1		317,037		260,392 (67,900)		596,685		127,457 (252,800)		55,286		1 1		1,356,857 (320,700)
Balance, end of year				2,939,738		5,825,179		14,805,512		1,883,047		925,528		•		26,379,004
Net book value, end of year	€	572,122 \$	↔	6,136,935	\$	6,795,672	\$	\$ 17,636,951	\$	828,420	\$	445,610	↔	1	\$	\$ 32,415,710

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

10. Tangible capital assets (continued):

							2023								
		Land	<u>≅</u>	Land improvements		Buildings	Engineered structures		Machinery and equipment		Vehicles	Assets under construction	Assets under ruction	7	Total
Cost:															
Balance, beginning of year	↔	573,772	↔	9,057,423	↔	11,104,379	\$ 32,330,348	↔	2,737,740	↔	1,371,138	↔	6,500	\$ 57,181,300	300
Internal transfers		1		•		•	6,500		ı		•	•	(6,500)		•
Additions and contributions Retirement		1 1		1 1		1,465,451	72,295		177,187		1 1		i i	1,714,933	933
		710		0.011		000	00.400		004		007 700			000	
Balance, end of year		5/3,//2		9,057,423		12,569,830	32,409,143		2,914,927		1,3/1,138		1	58,896,233	233
Amortization:															
Balance, beginning		I		2,303,268		5,392,635	13,597,416		1,870,963		814,956		į	23,979,238	238
Or year Amortization		Ī		319,433		240,052	611,411		137,427		55,286		Ī	1,363,609	609
Contributions Retirement		1 1		1 1					1 1				1 1		
Balance, end of year		1		2,622,701		5,632,687	14,208,827		2,008,390		870,242		ı	25,342,847	847
Net book value, end of year	\$	573,772 \$	↔	6,434,722	\$	6,937,143	\$ 18,200,316	\$	906,537	\$	500,896	↔	1	\$ 33,553,386	386

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

10. Tangible capital assets (continued):

a) Tangible capital assets disclosed at nominal values

Where an estimate of fair value could not be made, the tangible capital asset was recognized at a nominal value. Land is the only category where nominal values were assigned.

b) Asset retirement obligations

Included in buildings are asset retirement costs of \$68,750 (2023 - \$68,750) and related accumulated amortization of \$3,438 (2023 - \$nil).

11. Accumulated surplus:

The Town's accumulated surplus is comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Reserves	\$ 2,543,013	\$ 2,543,013
Invested in tangible capital assets	32,032,851	32,995,442
Unrestricted surplus	(336,944)	(362,104)
	\$ 34,238,920	\$ 35,176,351

The amount invested in tangible capital assets is comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Tangible capital assets	\$ 32,415,710	\$ 33,553,386
Asset retirement obligations	(74,012)	(68,750)
Long-term debt	(308,847)	(489,194)
	\$ 32,032,851	\$ 32,995,442

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

12. Local authorities pension plan:

10 (2023 - 10) employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act.

The Town was required to make current service contributions to the Plan of 8.45% (2023 - 8.45%) of pensionable payroll up to the yearly maximum pensionable earnings (YMPE) and 11.65% (2023 - 12.23%) thereafter. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 7.45% (2023 - 7.45%) of pensionable salary up to YMPE, and 10.65% (2023 - 11.23%) thereafter.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2024 were \$73,651 (2023 - \$78,878). Total service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2024 were \$65,653 (2023 - \$65,878).

As at December 31, 2023, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$15.06 billion (2022 - \$11.92 billion). This amount was not specifically allocated to the participating government organizations. The 2024 actuarial balance was not available at the date these financial statements were released.

13. Net municipal taxes:

Taxation revenue reported on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus is made up of the following:

		Budget	2024	2023
		(Note 19)		
Taxation				
Real property taxes	\$	504,619	\$ 515,832	\$ 488,465
Government grants in place				
of property taxes		13,087	23,191	23,860
Linear property taxes		26,196	26,254	26,763
		543,902	565,277	539,088
Requisitions and Other				
Alberta School Foundation Fu	nd	98,057	90,336	87,193
Boreal Housing Foundation		6,006	6,006	7
		104,063	96,342	87,200
Net municipal taxes	\$	439,839	\$ 468,935	\$ 451,888

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

14. Government transfers:

	Budget	2024	2023
	(Note 19)		
Transfers for operating			
Provincial government	\$ 219,510	\$ 813,026	\$ 233,914
Federal government	5,000	55,265	1,320
Other local government	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000
	1,474,510	2,118,291	1,485,234
Transfers for capital			
Provincial government	477,439	140,469	1,987,511
Federal government	50,000	78,837	567,971
	527,439	219,306	2,555,482
Total government transfers	\$ 2,001,949	\$ 2,337,597	\$ 4,040,716

15. Expenses by object:

	Budget	2024	2023
	(Note 19)		
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 1,336,535	\$ 1,442,561	\$ 1,674,615
Contracted and general services	1,095,846	1,216,190	1,890,039
Materials, goods and utilities	953,400	1,144,564	1,210,367
Transfers to local boards			
and agencies	16,099	15,799	18,520
Bank charges and interest	22,000	82,582	86,333
Interest on long-term debt	43,950	20,727	28,826
Amortization of tangible			
capital assets	_	1,356,857	1,363,609
Accretion expense	_	5,262	, ,
Bad debt expense/(recovery)	2,000	114,608	(42,944)
(Gain) loss on sale of investments	, -	(3,015)	`18,252 [°]
	\$ 3,469,830	\$ 5,396,135	\$ 6,247,617

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

16. Salary and benefits disclosure:

Related parties include key management personnel of the Town. The Town has defined key management personnel to include those individuals disclosed below. Transactions with key management personnel primarily consist of compensation related payments and are undertaken on similar terms and conditions to those that would be adopted if the parties were dealing at arm's length.

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the Chief Administrative Officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	Salary ¹		Benefits ²		2024 Total		2023 Total
\$	15,750	\$	881	\$	16,631	\$	16,988
	11,600		642		12,242		16,182
	6,600		337		6,937		4,946 7,932
	,				_,-		2,867 222,275
•	,	Ф.	,	•	,	Φ	271,190
		\$ 15,750 11,600 4,600 6,600 2,200 125,340	\$ 15,750 \$ 11,600 4,600 6,600 2,200 125,340	\$ 15,750 \$ 881 11,600 642 4,600 226 6,600 337 2,200 107	\$ 15,750 \$ 881 \$ 11,600 642 4,600 226 6,600 337 2,200 107 125,340 4,917	Salary¹ Benefits² Total \$ 15,750 \$ 881 \$ 16,631 11,600 642 12,242 4,600 226 4,826 6,600 337 6,937 2,200 107 2,307 125,340 4,917 130,257	Salary¹ Benefits² Total \$ 15,750 \$ 881 \$ 16,631 \$ 11,600 642 12,242 4,600 226 4,826 6,600 337 6,937 2,200 107 2,307 125,340 4,917 130,257

- 1. Salary includes regular base pay, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- 2. Benefits include contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, Canada Pension Plan, Employment Insurance and director's liability and life insurance. Benefits also include the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, travel, housing, and car allowances.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

17. Financial instruments and risk management:

i) Credit risk

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to cash, investments and accounts receivable. The Town's exposure to credit risk associated with cash and investments is assessed as low because the Town's cash deposits are held by Canadian Schedule 1 Chartered banks and reputable counterparties. The Town's exposure to credit risk associated with accounts receivable arises with respect to the local economy's dependence on commodity prices and the possibility that the Town's taxpayers may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. All accounts receivable are considered for impairment based on the type of revenue and historical repayment information.

ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Town will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Town's objective is to have sufficient liquidity to meet these liabilities when due. The Town monitors its cash balance and cash flows generated from operations to meet its liquidity requirements.

The liquidity risk arises from the financial liabilities consisting of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt. The Town's accounts payable and accrued liabilities had a carrying value of \$451,361 as at December 31, 2024 (2023 - \$380,966) and are due within the next year.

The Town's long-term debt has remaining undiscounted contractual cash flows of \$325,340 as at December 31, 2024 (2023 - \$526,414).

ii) Market risk

It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from financial instruments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

18. Segmented information:

Segmented information has been identified based upon lines of service provided by the Town. Town services are provided by departments and their activities are reported by functional area in the body of the financial statements. Certain lines of service that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

i) Protective Services:

Protective Services include fire, by-law enforcement and animal protection. The fire department is responsible to provide fire suppression services, fire prevention programs, training and education related to prevention, and detection or extinguishment of fires. Town by-law officers enforce the Town's by-laws. The Town also operates a dog pound and ensures that stray animals are protected.

ii) Public Works and Transportation:

The Public Works department is responsible for the delivery of municipal public works services related to planning, development and maintenance of roadway systems, the Rainbow Lake Airport and the maintenance of parks and open spaces.

iii) Utilities:

The Town is responsible for environmental programs such as the engineering and operation of water and wastewater systems and waste management, the latter of which encompasses solid waste collection and disposal. The Town is also responsible for the delivery of cable and internet services and a natural gas system which services the Town.

iv) Planning and Development:

The Planning and Development department manages all aspects of land use planning including long range forecasting and planning, processing development permits and compliance certificates. The department is also responsible for corporate mapping functions.

v) Family and Community Support:

Family and Community Support provides public services that sustains and supports individuals, families and communities. This includes programs run through Family and Community Support Services out of the Rainbow Lake Recreation Complex, and the Nursery School and Youth Center.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

18. Segmented information (continued):

vi) Recreation, Parks and Library Services:

As part of the Community Services, the Town operates and maintains the Library. The Library, even though part of the Community Services Department, is operated by a board that is approved by Town Council. Recreation includes Rainbow Lake Recreation Complex and the Town's outdoor baseball diamonds, playgrounds and parks.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in note 2.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

18. Segmented information (continued):

								2024	24							
		Protective Services	Wc	Public Works and Transportation		Utilities	Deve	Planning and Development		Family and Community Support	Re F Library	Recreation, Parks and Library Services		Other Municipal		Total
Revenue: Net municipal taxes	↔	I	↔	ı	8	ı	€9	ı	↔	ı	↔	ı	↔	468,935	↔	468,935
User fees and sales of goods		ı		59,498		1,043,638		,		300		1,536		808		1,105,781
Government Transfers operating Rental income		578,800		35,224		45,710		75,000 5,418		34,330		28,451 29,520		1,356,000		2,118,291 70,162
Franchise and concession contracts		ı		ı		ı		ı		ı		ı		138,284		138,284
Penalities and costs of taxes		1		ļ		ı		ı		ı		ı		52,006		52,006
Licenses and permits Investment income		220		1 1		1 1		1,488		1 1		1 1		78,040		1,708 78,040
Other		13,283				10,765		1		2,875		566		122,752		150,241
		592,303		94,722		1,100,113		81,906		37,505		60,073		2,216,826		4,183,448
Expenses: Salaries, wages and benefits		10,000		345,989		569,222		24,766		51,169		241,082		200,333		1,442,561
Services		67,139		279,500		319,033		62,062		11,545		158,161		318,750		1,216,190
inaterials, goods and utilities		248,931		300,680		422,832		ı		22,861		117,111		32,149		1,144,564
Iransiers to local boards and agencies		ı		ı		Ī		ı		ı		ı		15,799		15,799
paint charges and interest		1		1		ı		ı		ı		ı		82,582		82,582
Interest on long-term debt		1		1		20,727		1		ı		1		ī		20,727
Amortization of tangible capital assets		73,204		396,298		633,552		ı		14,163		188,805		50,835		1,356,857
Accretion expense				1 1		1,435		1 1		1 1		3,827		114 608		5,262 114,608
Gain on sale of investments		ı I		ı <u>ı</u>		ı I		1		ı ı		ı ı		(3,015)		(3,015)
Othor.		399,274	_	1,322,467		1,966,801		86,828		99,738		708,986		812,041		5,396,135
Government transfers - capital - Gain on disposal of assets		57,631		30,040		75,157		1 1		1 1		7,379		49,099 55,950		219,306 55,950
Annual surplus (deficit)	↔	250,660	\$	(1,197,705)	↔	(791,531)	↔	(4,922)	\$	(62,233)	s	(641,534)	↔	1,509,834	↔	(937,431)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

18. Segmented information (continued):

						2	2023						
	Protective Services		Public Works and Transportation	Utilities	ies	Planning and Development	Family and Community Support		Recreation, Parks and Library Services		Other Municipal		Total
Revenue:	U	<i>€</i> :	,	e	ı	ι <i></i>	U	<i>\varepsilon</i>	ı	e	451 888	€.	451 888
User fees and sales	.	•	3 680	1 050 367	792	•	•)	1 284)	735	→	1056,000
or goods Government Transfers		I	000,6	,,050,1	/00	ı		I	1,204		(33		000,000,1
operating Rental income		1 1	35,460	30,000	000	27,000 1,260	30,072	2 -	13,452 30,226		1,384,710 3,428		1,485,234 70,374
Franchise and contracts		1	ı		į			ı	1		131,530		131,530
Penalties and costs of taxes		ı	Ţ		ı	ı		ı	ı		17.837		17.837
Licenses and permits	427	7:	İ		ı	215		ı	į		. '		642
Investment income Other	35.573	' က	ı	27.279	- 52	1 1	3.657	- 2	2.643		87,667 108.981		87,667 178.133
	36,000	00	39,140	1,107,646	346	28,475	33,729	6	47,605		2,186,776		3,479,371
Expenses: Salaries, wages and		ç	000		(9	2	C	000		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		0 4 7
Denetits Contracted and general	000,01	2	328,534	493,710	9	72,240	41,0/9	n.	193,064		585,982		1,0/4,015
Services	833,590	06	241,121	354,043	943	61,081	12,431	_	163,832		223,941		1,890,039
utilities	311,180	00	246,607	504,369	698	1	20,735	21	103,193		24,283		1,210,367
Transfers to local boards and agencies		1	1		1	2,000		í	ı		13,520		18,520
Bank charges and interest		1	ı		1	I		ı	ı		86 333		86.333
Interest on long-term					(
debt Amortization of tancible		ı	Ī	28,826	326	ı		Í	ı		1		28,826
capital assets Bad debt recovery	70,901		406,225	621,847	347		14,163	e -	188,472		62,001 (42,944)		1,363,609 (42,944)
Loss on sale of investments			ı			I			I		18,252		18,252
Other	1,225,671	_	1,222,487	2,002,801	301	88,321	88,408	8	648,561		971,368		6,247,617
Government transfers - capital	1,265,897	26	ı	1,111,102	102	1		1	178,483		•		2,555,482
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 76,226	\$ 97	(1,183,347)	\$ 215,947	347	\$ (59,846)	\$ (54,679)	\$ (6	(422,473)	\$	1,215,408	\$	(212,764)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

19. Budget:

The budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements of the Town includes the 2024 capital budget and the operating budget, excluding budgeted amortization of tangible capital assets as management does not include this expense within their budget. The capital and operating budgets were approved by Council on April 4, 2024.

20. Approval of financial statements:

Council and Management have approved these financial statements on April 17, 2025.

21. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.