Consolidated Financial Statements of

# **TOWN OF RAINBOW LAKE**

Year ended December 31, 2022

Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2022

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Consolidated	Financial	Statements

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## Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Town of Rainbow Lake (the "Town") are the responsibility of the Town's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Town's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

Council meets with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Town. The accompanying Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Town's consolidated financial statements.

Dan Fletcher

Chief Administrative Officer

April 20, 2023



KPMG LLP 2200, 10175 – 101 Street Edmonton, AB T5J 0H3 Telephone (780) 429-7300 Fax (780) 429-7379 www.kpmg.ca

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Members of Council of the Town of Rainbow Lake

### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Town of Rainbow Lake (the "Entity"), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2022, and its consolidated results of operations, its consolidated changes in net financial assets and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

### We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

KPMG LLP

Edmonton, Canada

April 25, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022		2021
Financial assets:				
Cash	\$	43.312	\$	353,491
Accounts receivable (note 3)	Ψ	448,885	•	708,219
Investments (note 4)		2,608,188		3,031,311
Land inventory held for resale		219,406		223,586
		3,319,791		4,316,607
Liabilities:				
Cheques issued in excess of funds on deposit		215,549		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		249,565		364,073
Deposit liabilities (note 5)		71,312		82,893
Deferred revenue (note 6)		83,042		005.057
Long-term debt (notes 7 and 8)		661,443		825,957
		1,280,911		1,272,923
Net financial assets		2,038,880		3,043,684
Non-financial assets:				
Tangible capital assets (note 9)		33,202,062		33,627,176
Inventories of supplies		5,409		12,796
Prepaid expenses		142,7 <u>6</u> 4		141,012
		33,350,235		33,780,984
Accumulated surplus (note 10)	\$	35,389,115	\$	36,824,668

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Mayor

Mayor

Mayor

Mayor

Councillor

Approved by:

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		Budget		2022		2021
		(Note 18)				
Revenue:						
User fees and sales of goods	\$	1,475,771	\$	1,338,860	\$	1,253,582
Net municipal taxes (note 12)	•	451,830	•	425,557	•	460,248
Government transfers -		,		,		,
operating (note 13)		1,588,655		1,585,352		1,410,585
Rental income		145,370		151,417		173,621
Franchise and concession contracts		170,000		170,115		137,352
Penalties and costs of taxes		53,000		34,287		35,604
Licenses and permits		4,000		375		994
Investment income		89,929		70,759		55,980
Other		147,150		205,092		39,259
		4,125,705		3,981,814		3,567,225
Expenses (note 14):						
Protective services		260,987		346,237		189,359
Public Works and Transportation		200,307		040,201		103,553
Airport services		328,498		657,239		616,823
Common services		194,606		303,936		349,039
Transportation services		346,249		375,125		277,343
Utilities		340,249		373,123		211,040
Water supply and distribution		530,828		1,069,287		1,085,374
Natural gas supply and distribution		619,709		735,126		607,865
Waste management		221,346		233,308		253,615
Cable and internet services		208,622		197,855		240,001
Planning and development		,		,		,
Planning and development		50,070		49,460		55,739
Subdivision land development		13,400		12,927		8,443
Family and community support		78,361		105,554		93,336
Recreation, parks and		,		,		,
library services		430,630		692,526		657,671
Other municipal		,		,		,
Administration		349,799		397,091		431,319
Legislative		149,140		175,257		189,495
Housing rentals		79,708		86,112		108,817
Loss (Gain) on sale of investments		-		69,607		(3,494)
Loos (Calif) on sale of invocations		3,861,954		5,506,647		5,160,745
				(4 = 2 4 2 2 2 )		// ====
Annual Surplus (Deficit) before other		263,751		(1,524,833)		(1,593,520)
Other:						
Government transfers - capital (note 13)		1,666,921		85,540		1,184,503
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets		-		3,740		(115,927)
Annual surplus (deficit)		1,930,672		(1,435,553)		(524,944)
, ,						
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		36,824,668		36,824,668		37,349,612
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	38,755,340	\$	35,389,115	\$	36,824,668

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	Budget	2022	2021
	(Note 18)		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 1,930,672	\$ (1,435,553)	\$ (524,944)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible	(2,520,000)	(889,708)	(1,479,017)
capital assets	-	-	36,850
Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible	-	1,315,334	1,280,825
capital assets	-	-	8,668
	(589,328)	(1,009,927)	(677,618)
Net use (acquisition) of			
prepaid expenses	-	(1,752)	7,590
Decrease in Inventory	-	6,875	
	-	5,123	7,590
Change in net financial assets	(589,328)	(1,004,804)	(670,028)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	3,043,684	3,043,684	3,713,712
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 2,454,356	\$ 2,038,880	\$ 3,043,684

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022		2021
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operations activities:				
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	(1,435,553)	\$	(524,944)
Items not involving cash:		,		,
Amortization of tangible capital assets		1,315,334		1,280,825
Amortization of premium on investments		(10,396)		11,768
Gain on sale of investments		69,607		(3,494)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		-		8,668
Change in non-cash items:				
Accounts receivable		259,335		(345,178)
Land held for resale		4,180		89,600
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(114,509)		6,012
Deposit liabilities		(11,581)		(2,691)
Deferred revenue		83,042		(123,655)
Prepaid expenses		(1,752)		7,590
Net change in cash from operating activities		164,582		404,501
Capital activities:				
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(889,708)		(1,479,017)
Proceeds from disposal of tangible capital assets		-		36,850
Net change in cash from capital activities		(889,708)		(1,442,167)
Investing activities:				
Withdrawals of investments, net		363,912		751,106
Net change in cash from investing activities		363,912		751,106
Financing activities:				
Long-term debt repaid		(164,514)		(157,126)
Net change in cash from financing activities		(164,514)		(157,126)
Decrease in cash		(525,728)		(443,686)
Cash, at beginning of year		353,491		797,177
Cash, at end of year <sup>1</sup>	\$	(172,237)	\$	353,491
Cash paid for interest	\$	46,121	\$	124,227
Cash received from interest	φ	38,847	φ	60,287
Casil legelyed Holli lillerest		50,041		00,207

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cash at the end of the year represents Cash and Cheques issued in excess of funds on deposit

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 1. Nature of organization:

The Town of Rainbow Lake (the "Town") was established on September 1, 1966. The Town is governed by the Municipal Government Act of the Province of Alberta (the "MGA").

### 2. Significant accounting policies:

The consolidated financial statements of the Town are prepared by the Town's management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("PSAS"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

### (a) Reporting entity:

#### i) Consolidated entities

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, communities and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Town and which are owned or controlled by the Town. The reporting entity is comprised of the municipal operations of the Town, the Rainbow Lake Fire Hall and the Rainbow Lake Municipal Public Library.

### ii) Accounting for housing management bodies and school board transactions

Taxes levied include requisitions for the Alberta School Fund Foundation and the Boreal Housing Foundation. The taxation, other revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the Alberta School Fund Foundation and the Boreal Housing Foundation are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

### iii) Mackenzie Regional Waste Management Commission

The Town is a member of the Mackenzie Regional Waste Management Commission (the "Commission"). The Province of Alberta under Alberta Regulation 264/2003 established the Commission pursuant to the Municipal Government Act. The nature of the establishment and operation is such that profits or any other income of the Commission is retained by the Commission. The Town transacts through an independent third party whom transacts with the Commission directly. All financial transactions with the third party are recognized and recorded in the consolidated financial statements of the Town.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (b) Basis of accounting:

The Town follows the accrual basis of accounting for revenues and expenses. Revenues are recognized in the year in which they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods, services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

### (c) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, provided the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made. A transfer with or without eligibility criteria but with stipulations is recognized in the period the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met, except when and to the extent that the transfer gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability.

### (d) Tax revenue:

Tax revenues are recognized as assets and revenue when the taxable event occurs.

### (e) Requisition over-levy and under-levy:

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (f) Local improvements:

When a service or improvement is deemed to benefit a specific area more than the municipality as a whole, the project may be classified as a local improvement under the Municipal Government Act, to be paid in whole or in part by a tax imposed on the benefiting property owners. The property owners' share of the improvements is recognized as revenue in the period that the project expenditures are completed.

### (g) Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue represents government transfers, contributions and other amounts received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement that may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. These amounts will be recognized as revenues in the fiscal year when the related expense is incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

### (h) Investments:

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Premiums and discounts arising on the purchase of these investments are amortized over the term of the investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline in value, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned. When required by the funding government or by legislation, investment income earned on deferred revenue is added to the investment and forms part of the deferred revenue balance.

#### (i) Land inventory held for resale

Land held for sale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes the acquisition costs of the land and the improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and leveling.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (i) Non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

### i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value of the tangible capital assets excluding land, are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Asset	Years
Land improvements Buildings (includes building improvements) Engineered structures Machinery and equipment	15-30 15-75 10-75 5-25 10-30
Vehicles	10-

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

### ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

### iii) Works of art and cultural and historic assets

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- (j) Non-financial assets (continued):
  - iv) Interest capitalization

Interest is capitalized whenever external debt is issued to finance the construction of tangible capital assets.

v) Inventories of supplies

Inventories of supplies held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost, with cost determined on an average cost basis.

### (k) Contaminated sites liabilities:

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. A liability is recognized for remediation of contaminated sites when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

### (I) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Estimates include assumptions used to estimate the provision for doubtful accounts receivable, the fair value of investments, the fair value and useful lives of tangible capital assets, the fair value of contributed tangible capital assets, the measurement of accrued liabilities and the measurement of the liability for contaminated sites. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (m) Future accounting standard pronouncements:

The following summarizes upcoming changes to public sector accounting standards issued by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board. In 2022, the Town will continue to assess the impact and prepare for the adoption of these standards. While the timing of standard adoption may vary, the requirements in PS1201 Financial Statement Presentation, PS3450 Financial Instruments, PS 2601 Foreign Currency Translation and PS3041 Portfolio Investments must be implemented at the same time.

Public Sector Accounting Standard	Effective Date
PS1201 Financial Statement Presentation PS3450 Financial Instruments PS2601 Foreign Currency Translation PS3041 Portfolio Investments PS3280 Asset Retirement Obligations PS3400 Revenue	April 1, 2022 April 1, 2022 April 1, 2022 April 1, 2022 April 1, 2022 April 1, 2023
PSG-8 Purchased Intangibles PS3160 Public Private Partnerships	April 1, 2023 April 1, 2023

### 3. Accounts receivable:

	2022	2021
Property Taxes		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 160,311	\$ 238,095
Provision for non-collection	(120,783)	(226,018)
	39,528	12,077
Other Receivables		
Trade receivable	123,172	124,407
Utility receivable	252,466	206,338
Due from staff, former staff, and Councillors	91,932	91,932
Grants receivable	50,000	380,844
Provision for non-collection	(108,213)	(107,379)
	409,357	696,142
	\$ 448,885	\$ 708,219

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 3. Accounts receivable (continued):

Property taxes receivable include \$122,533 (2021 - \$145,620) of balances outstanding for greater than one year. The property taxes receivable balance of \$122,533 (2021 - \$145,620) outstanding for greater than one year was fully allowed for as at December 31, 2022.

### 4. Investments:

	2022				2021			
		Cost		Market value		Cost		Market value
Short-term investments and deposits	\$	27,156	\$	27,156	\$	32,202	\$	32,202
Corporate, government and government guaranteed bonds		2,580,921		2,484,878		2,998,998		3,003,154
Gas Alberta Inc., 111 Class A shares, at cost		111		111		111		111
	\$	2,608,188	\$	2,512,145	\$	3,031,311	\$	3,035,467

Short-term investments and deposits have effective interest rates of 0.35% (2021 - 0.35%). Corporate, government and government guaranteed bonds have effective interest rates ranging from 2.05% to 5.40% (2021 - 1.05% to 3.30%) with maturity dates ranging from July 2024 to June 2035 (2021 - July 2023 to February 2028). The Town intends to hold these securities until maturity.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 5. Deposit liabilities:

		2021		
Utility deposits Damage deposits	\$	48,912 22,400	\$	60,493 22,400
	\$	71,312	\$	82,893

### 6. Deferred revenue:

The deferred revenue reported on the consolidated statement of financial position is made up of the following:

Continuity of deferred revenue is as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year Government transfers received during the year Interest earned Government transfers recognized during the year	\$ 1,753,934 - (1,670,892)	\$ 123,655 2,470,121 1,312 (2,595,088)
Balance, end of year	\$ 83,042	\$ 

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 7. Long-term debt:

	2022	2021
Utility supported debentures	\$ 661,443	\$ 825,957
	\$ 661,443	\$ 825,957

Debenture debt is repayable to the Province of Alberta. The debt bears interest at rates between 4.57% and 4.70% per annum, before Provincial subsidy, with maturities between December 2025 and September 2026. Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town at large.

Principal and interest repayment requirements on long-term debt over the next four years and thereafter are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$ 172,249 180,347 188,827 120,020	\$ 28,826 20,727 12,247 4,246	\$ 201,075 201,074 201,074 124,266
	\$ 661,443	\$ 66,046	\$ 727,489

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 8. Debt and debt service limits:

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town be disclosed as follows:

	2022	2021
Total debt limit Total debt Amount by which debt limit unused Percentage used (%)	\$ 5,970,805 <u>661,443</u> 5,309,362 11.08%	\$ 5,350,838 <u>825,957</u> 4,524,881 15.44%
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing Amount by which debt servicing limit unused Percentage used (%)	995,134 <u>201,074</u> 794,060 20.21%	891,806 <u>201,074</u> 690,732 22.55%

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times the revenue of the Town (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the Town. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 9. Tangible capital assets:

					2	022						
							Machinery		Ass	ets		
			Land		Engineered		and		un	der		
-	Land	im	provements	Buildings	structures		equipment	Vehicles	construct	tion		Total
Cost:												
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 573,772	\$	8,944,377	\$ 11,104,379	\$ 31,602,226	\$	2,695,698	\$ 1,371,138	\$	-	\$ :	56,291,590
Internal transfers Additions and	-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-
contributions	-		113,046	-	728,122		42,042	-	6,5	500		889,710
Retirement	-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-
Balance, end of year	573,772		9,057,423	11,104,379	32,330,348		2,737,740	1,371,138	6,5	500	;	57,181,300
Amortization:												
Balance, beginning of year	-		1,983,834	5,166,909	13,017,506		1,737,670	758,150		-	;	22,664,069
Amortization	_		319,434	225,726	579,910		133,293	56,806		-		1,315,169
Contributions	-		_	-	-		_	_		_		-
Retirement	-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-
Balance, end of year	-		2,303,268	5,392,635	13,597,416		1,870,963	814,956		-	:	23,979,238
Net book value, end of year	\$ 573,772	\$	6,754,155	\$ 5,711,744	\$ 18,732,932	\$	866,777	\$ 556,182	\$ 6,5	500	\$ :	33,202,062

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 9. Tangible capital assets (continued):

						2021					
	Land	im	Land provements	Buildings	Engineere structure		Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	(	Assets under construction	Total
Cost:											
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 535,917	\$	8,659,390	\$ 11,171,812	\$ 30,628,99	8 \$	2,509,580	\$ 1,352,840	\$	51,790	\$ 54,910,327
Internal transfers Additions and	-		-	-	51,79	0	-	-		(51,790)	-
contributions Retirement	37,855 -		284,987	(67,434)	921,43	9 -	186,118 -	48,617 (30,320)		-	1,479,016 (97,754)
Balance, end of year	573,772		8,944,377	11,104,378	31,602,22	7	2,695,698	1,371,137		-	56,291,589
Amortization:											
Balance, beginning of year	-		1,681,438	4,959,906	12,444,99	5	1,616,912	732,574		-	21,435,825
Amortization	-		302,397	228,919	572,85	6	120,758	55,895		-	1,280,825
Contributions Retirement	-		-	(21,917)		-	-	(30,320)		-	(52,237)
Balance, end of year	-		1,983,835	5,166,908	13,017,85	1	1,737,670	758,149		-	22,664,413
Net book value, end of year	\$ 573,772	\$	6,960,542	\$ 5,937,470	\$ 18,584,37	6 \$	958,028	\$ 612,988	\$	-	\$ 33,627,176

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 9. Tangible capital assets (continued):

### a) Assets under construction

Assets under construction having a value of \$6,500 (2021 - \$nil) have not been amortized. Amortization of these assets will commence when the asset is available for productive use.

### b) Tangible capital assets disclosed at nominal values

Where an estimate of fair value could not be made, the tangible capital asset was recognized at a nominal value. Land is the only category where nominal values were assigned.

### 10. Accumulated surplus:

The Town's accumulated surplus is comprised of the following:

	2022	2021
Reserves	\$ 2,677,137	\$ 3,855,490
Invested in tangible capital assets	32,540,618	32,801,219
Unrestricted surplus	171,360	167,959
	\$ 35,389,115	\$ 36,824,668

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 11. Local authorities pension plan:

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act.

The Town was required to make current service contributions to the Plan of 9.39% (2021 - 9.39%) of pensionable payroll up to the yearly maximum pensionable earnings (YMPE) and 13.84% (2021 - 13.84%) thereafter. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 8.39% (2021 - 8.39%) of pensionable salary up to YMPE, and 12.84% (2021 - 12.84%) thereafter.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2022 were \$65,527.96 (2021 - \$67,870.99). Total service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2022 were \$73,152.76 (2021 - \$75,413.65).

As at December 31, 2021, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$11.92 billion (2020 - \$4.96 billion). This amount was not specifically allocated to the participating government organizations. The 2022 actuarial balance was not available at the date these financial statements were released.

### 12. Net municipal taxes:

Taxation revenue reported on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus is made up of the following:

		Budget	2022	2021
		(Note 18)		
Taxation				
Real property taxes	\$	554,223	\$ 549,131	\$ 641,899
Government grants in place				
of property taxes		13,502	10,410	6,816
Linear property taxes		23,440	23,562	23,466
		591,165	583,103	672,181
Requisitions and Other				
Alberta School Foundation Ful	nd	109,595	120,459	160,612
Boreal Housing Foundation		9,740	9,740	21,593
Carbon Tax Levy		20,000	27,347	29,728
		139,335	157,546	211,933
Net municipal taxes	\$	451,830	\$ 425,557	\$ 460,248

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 13. Government transfers:

	Budget	2022	2021
	(Note 18)		
Transfers for operating			
Provincial government	\$ 333,655	\$ 328,392	\$ 140,799
Federal government	6,960	6,960	19,786
Other local government	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000
	1,588,655	1,585,352	1,410,585
Transfers for capital			
Provincial government	1,500,000	35,540	696,902
Federal government	166,921	50,000	487,601
	1,666,921	85,540	1,184,503
Total government transfers	\$ 3,255,576	\$ 1,670,892	\$ 2,595,088

### 14. Expenses by object:

	Budget	2022	2021
	(Note 18)		
Salaries, wages and benefits Contracted and general services Materials, goods and utilities Transfers to local boards	\$ 1,326,640 1,305,665 1,097,700	\$ 1,327,698 1,465,225 1,238,105	\$ 1,300,586 1,518,094 926,896
and agencies Bank charges and interest Interest on long-term debt Amortization of tangible	64,000 22,000 43,948	93,664 18,384 35,842	66,000 19,803 42,514
capital assets Bad debt expense Gain on sale of investments	2,000 -	1,314,823 (56,700) 69,607	1,280,825 9,521 (3,494)
	\$ 3,861,954	\$ 5,506,648	\$ 5,160,745

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 15. Salary and benefits disclosure:

Related parties include key management personnel of the Town. The Town has defined key management personnel to include those individuals disclosed below. Transactions with key management personnel primarily consist of compensation related payments and are undertaken on similar terms and conditions to those that would be adopted if the parties were dealing at arm's length.

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the Chief Administrative Officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	Salary <sup>1</sup>	Benefits <sup>2</sup>	2022 Total	2021 Total
Mayor Farris	\$ 16,000	\$ 1,067	\$ 17,067	\$ 20,710
Deputy Mayor/Councillor Mitchell	7,800	464	8,264	9,513
Councillor D'Aoust	7,200	416	7,616	2,124
Councillor Melville Councillor Werner	11,000	709 472	11,709	2,770
Councillor Juneau	8,000 -	412	8,472 -	2,993 3,550
Councillor Lindley	-	-	-	3,335
CAO Fletcher	149,803	55,901	205,704	206,317
	\$ 199,803	\$ 59,029	\$ 258,832	\$ 251,312

- 1. Salary includes regular base pay, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- Benefits include contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, Canada Pension Plan, Employment Insurance and director's liability and life insurance. Benefits also include the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, travel, housing, and car allowances.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 16. Financial instruments and risk management:

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit liabilities, and long-term debt.

It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from these financial instruments. The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises with respect to the local economy's dependence on commodity prices and the possibility that the Town's taxpayers may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of financial instruments approximates their fair value.

### 17. Segmented information:

Segmented information has been identified based upon lines of service provided by the Town. Town services are provided by departments and their activities are reported by functional area in the body of the financial statements. Certain lines of service that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

#### i) Protective Services:

Protective Services include fire, by-law enforcement and animal protection. The fire department is responsible to provide fire suppression services, fire prevention programs, training and education related to prevention, and detection or extinguishment of fires. Town by-law officers enforce the Town's by-laws. The Town also operates a dog pound and ensures that stray animals are protected.

### ii) Public Works and Transportation:

The Public Works department is responsible for the delivery of municipal public works services related to planning, development and maintenance of roadway systems, the Rainbow Lake Airport and the maintenance of parks and open spaces.

### iii) Utilities:

The Town is responsible for environmental programs such as the engineering and operation of water and wastewater systems and waste management, the latter of which encompasses solid waste collection and disposal. The Town is also responsible for the delivery of cable and internet services and a natural gas system which services the Town.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 17. Segmented information (continued):

### iv) Planning and Development:

The Planning and Development department manages all aspects of land use planning including long range forecasting and planning, processing development permits and compliance certificates. The department is also responsible for corporate mapping functions.

### v) Family and Community Support:

Family and Community Support provides public services that sustains and supports individuals, families and communities. This includes programs run through Family and Community Support Services out of the Rainbow Lake Recreation Complex, and the Nursery School and Youth Center.

### vi) Recreation, Parks and Library Services:

As part of the Community Services, the Town operates and maintains the Library. The Library, even though part of the Community Services Department, is operated by a board that is approved by Town Council. Recreation includes Rainbow Lake Recreation Complex and the Town's outdoor baseball diamonds, playgrounds and parks.

Certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. Taxation and payments-in-lieu of taxes are allocated to the segments based on the segments' budgeted net expenditure. User charges and other revenue have been allocated to the segments based upon the segment that generated the revenue. Government transfers have been allocated to segments based upon the purpose for which the transfers were made. Development levies earned and developer contributions received were allocated to the segment for which the charge was collected.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in note 2.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 17. Segmented information (continued):

					20	022					
	Protective Services	Public Works and Transportation	Utilities	Planr a Developm	and	Cor	mily and mmunity Support	Recreation, Parks and y Services	Other Municipal		Total
Revenue:											
Net municipal taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (27,347)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 452,904	\$	425,557
User fees and sales											
of goods	2,125	14,423	1,316,798		-		4,123	1,022	370		1,338,860
Government Transfers											
operating	203,175	-	44,732	26,			27,819	8,503	1,274,733		1,585,352
Rental income	-	63,110	-	4,	650		-	29,274	54,383		151,417
Franchise and											
concession contracts	-	-	=		-		-	-	170,115		170,115
Penalties and costs											
of taxes		-	-		<del>-</del>		-	-	34,287		34,287
Licenses and permits	275	-	-		100		-	-	70 750		375
Investment income	40.400	-	4 000		-		0.770	-	70,759		70,759
Other	16,100		1,200		-		2,776	-	183,675		205,092
	221,675	77,532	1,335,383	31,	140		34,719	38,799	2,242,566		3,981,814
Expenses:											
Salaries, wages and											
benefits	10,631	336,931	477,402	22,	998		40,130	194,455	245,151		1,327,697
Contracted and general											
services	68,329	361,339	498,670	34,	390		26,440	199,072	276,985		1,465,225
Materials, goods and	400 400	004.000	054.444				04.004	440.070	00.000		4 000 405
utilities Transfers to local boards	190,402	231,269	651,111		-		24,821	112,270	28,232		1,238,105
	7 000			-	200				04 664		02.664
and agencies Bank charges and	7,000	-	-	5,	000		-	-	81,664		93,664
interest									18,384		18,384
Interest on long-term	-	-	-		-		-	-	10,304		10,304
debt			35,842								35,842
Amortization of tangible	_	-	33,042		-		_	-	-		33,042
capital assets	69,877	406,761	572,895		_		14,163	186,729	64,909		1,315,334
Bad debt recovery	-		-		_		-	100,725	(56,700)		(56,700
Loss on sale of investments	_	_	_		_		_	_	69,607		69,607
2000 011 0010 01 111100011101110	346,239	1,336,300	2,235,920	62,	200		105,554	692,526	728,232		5,507,158
Other	340,239	1,330,300	2,233,920	02,	300		100,004	092,320	120,232		3,307,138
Government transfers											
- capital	_	_	_		_		_	85,540	_		85.540
Gain on disposal of assets	-	-	-		_		-	-	3,740		3,740
Can on disposal of assets	•	_	_				-	_	0,140		0,740
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (124,564)	\$ (1,258,768)	\$ (900,537)	\$ (31,	2/8)	\$	(70,835)	\$ (568,187)	\$ 1,518,074	Ф	(1,436,064

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 17. Segmented information (continued):

								20	021							
		Protective Services	Tra	Public Works and ansportation		Utilities	Dev	Planning and /elopment		Family and Community Support		Recreation, Parks and ry Services		Other Municipal		Total
Revenue:																
Net municipal taxes	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$	-	\$	=	\$	-	\$	460,248	\$	460,248
User fees and sales																
of goods		6,177		8,228		1,231,478		-		5,746		953		1,000		1,253,582
Government transfers -																
operating		-				55,879		25,375		52,227		8,503		1,268,601		1,410,585
Rental income		=		69,145		-		6,383		-		21,937		76,156		173,621
Franchise and																
concession contracts		-		-		-		-		-		-		137,352		137,352
Penalties and costs														05.004		0= 004
of taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		35,604		35,604
Licenses and permits		644		=		=		350		-		-		-		994
Investment income		45.044		=		4 000		-		-		-		55,980		55,980
Other		15,014		-		1,998		-		-		318		21,929		39,259
		21,835		77,373		1,289,355		32,108		57,973		31,711		2,056,870		3,567,225
Expenses:																
Salaries, wages and																
benefits		10,000		312,701		474,647		28,582		34,146		219,428		221,082		1,300,586
Contracted and general																
services		62,497		324,819		587,838		35,600		30,471		154,237		322,632		1,518,094
Materials, goods and																
utilities		48,760		196,104		515,837		-		14,555		124,482		27,158		926,896
Transfers to local boards																
and agencies		=		=		=		=		-		-		66,000		66,000
Bank charges and																
interest		-		-		=		-		-		-		19,803		19,803
Interest on long-term																
debt		-		=		42,514		-		-		-		-		42,514
Amortization of tangible																
capital assets		68,102		409,581		566,019		-		14,164		159,524		63,435		1,280,825
Bad debt recovery		-		-		-		-		-		-		9,521		9,521
Gain on sale of investments		-		-		-		-		-		-		(3,494)		(3,494)
		189,359		1,243,205		2,186,855		64,182		93,336		657,671		726,137		5,160,745
Other																
Government transfers																
- capital		-		136,958		640,986		-		-		406,559		-		1,184,503
Loss on disposal of assets		=		=		=		-		=		=		(115,927)		(115,927)
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	(167,524)	\$	(1,024,761)	\$	(260,627)	\$	(32,074)	\$	(35,363)	\$	(219,401)	\$	1,214,806	\$	(524,944)
Aimaa saipias (aenoit)	Ψ	(107,324)	φ	(1,024,701)	Ψ	(200,021)	Ψ	(32,014)	Ψ	(55,565)	Ψ	(413,401)	Ψ	1,214,000	Ψ	(324,344)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 18. Budget:

The budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements of the Town includes the 2022 capital budget and the operating budget, excluding budgeted amortization of tangible capital assets as management does not include this expense within their budget. The capital and operating budgets were approved by Council on April 21, 2022.

### 19. Approval of financial statements:

Council and Management have approved these financial statements on April 20, 2023.